Math 494: Topics in Algebra Problem Set 4

Due Friday April 4: Do all four of the following problems.

We assume throughout that K is an algebraically closed field.

1) Let C be an affine curve. Suppose $f \in K[X, Y]$ is of minimal degree such that C = V(f). We call f a minimal polynomial for C.

a) Show that if p is irreducible and p divides f, then p^2 does not divide f.

b) Show that if g is another minimal polynomial for f, then g = af for some nonzero $a \in K$.

2) Let

$$f(X,Y) = X^{3} - 3X^{2}Y + 2X^{2} + 3XY - 9Y^{2} + 9Y - X - 2$$
$$g(X,Y) = 2X^{3} - X^{2}Y + X^{2} + 6XY - 3Y^{2} + 4Y - 2X - 1$$

and

$$h(X,Y) = X^{2}Y^{2} - 2X^{4} + X^{2}Y - X^{2} + 2XY^{3} - 4X^{3}Y + 2XY^{2} - 2XY.$$

a) Do f and g have a common nonconstant factor?

b) Do f and h have a common nonconstant factor? [Hint: Use resultants in MAPLE.]

3) Suppose $F \in K[X, Y, Z]$ is nonconstant and homogeneous.

a) Show that $V_{\mathbb{P}}(F)$ is irreducible if and only if $F = G^k$ for some irreducible $G \in K[X, Y, Z]$.

b) Let C be a projective curve. Show that there are irreducible projective curves C_1, \ldots, C_n such that $C = C_1 \cup \ldots \cup C_n$ and $C_i \not\subseteq C_j$ for $i \neq j$. Moreover, if $D \subseteq C$ is an irreducible curve, then $D = C_i$ for some *i*. We call C_1, \ldots, C_n the irreducible components of C.

4) Suppose $F \in K[X, Y, Z]$ is a nonconstant homogenous polynomial.

a) Suppose f = F(X, Y, 1) and Z does not divide F. Show that if C_1, \ldots, C_n are the irreducible components of $V_{\mathbb{P}}(F)$, then $C_1 \cap \mathbb{A}_2(K), \ldots, C_n \cap \mathbb{A}_2(K)$ are the irreducible components of the affine curve V(f).

b) What happens in a) if Z divides F?

5) Suppose $F \in K[X, Y, Z]$ is nonzero. Consider the polynomial $F(TX, TY, TZ) \in K[X, Y, Z, T]$. Then F is homogeneous of degree d if and only if

$$F(TX, TY, TZ) = T^d F(X, Y, Z).$$